Sports Sponsorships Survey Phase 3

Survey Research Hongkong

June 1996



			Pages
INTERN	ONTIO	PE/\RY '	
INIK	ODUCT Backs	round	1
_	Objec		1
	Objec		1
METH	IODOI	LOGY	
-	Targe	t Respondent & Sample Size	2
-		ling Method	2
-	Data (Collection	2
RECO	MMFN	NDATION	
-		Sponsorship Is Not A Commonly Used But Effective	
	_	eting Communication Channel	3
_		ers To Sponsor Sports	3
-		of SDB	4
-	Near-	term Actions	5
-	Long-	term Actions	5
VEV I	FINDIN		
1.		ence of Changed Business Nature in The Last Three Years	6
2.		eting Potential of Sports Sponsorship	U
	2.1	Incidence of marketing budget allocated to sports sponsorship	
		from 1993 to 1995	6-7
	2.2	Reasons for not allocation marketing budge to sports sponsorship	8
	2.3	Frequency of sports sponsorship	8
	2.4	Sports events sponsored	9
_	2.5	Type of support provided for sports sponsorship	10
3.		tion for Sports Sponsorships	
	3.1	Incidence of company being approached for sports sponsorship	
	2.2	during the past 12 months	11
4.	3.2	Type of sport events inviting sponsor tives to be Achieved through Sponsoring Sport	11-12
5.	•	iveness to Sports Sponsorship in Achieving Objectives	13-14 15-16
6.		Rate of Marketing communication Channels in 1995	17-18
7.	_	itages and Limitations of Different marketing Communication	17-10
	Chani		19-20
8.	Deter	mining Factor of sports Sponsorship	21
9.	Assess	sment Criteria of a Marketing Communication Channel	22
10.	Satisfa	action Level of Various Marketing Communication Channels	23
11.		rences of Sports Activities and Sports Events	24-26
12.		s Sponsorship Advisory Service (SSAS)	
	12.1	Awareness of SSAS	26
	12.2	Channel of Awareness Usego of SSAS	26
	12.3 12.4	Usage of SSAS Future expectation of SSAS and sports exents/activities to be sponsored	26 27
	12.4	Future expectation of SSAS and sports events/activities to be sponsored Further information	27 27
	. 2.0	- WINIOI 1111V/1111WIVII	21

APPENDIX

- Questionnaire

BACKGROUND

Enhancement of sports sponsorship is one of the major strategic functions of Hong Kong Sports Development Board (SDB). In 1993, SDB had conducted a sports sponsorship survey among 400 private companies. A follow-up survey was done on those respondents with sports sponsorship experience in 1994. This project is another extension survey which aims at understanding the reasons for the non-participation or no interest of companies from sports sponsorship.

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To pursue a follow-up survey subsequent to the Phase I Sports Sponsorship Survey.
- 2. To understand the reasons for refraining from sponsorship/sports sponsorship.
- 3. To find out their usual promotion channels and the reasons for using them.
- 4. To determine the motivation for future sports sponsorship.
- To establish relationships and build up a broader contact network with commercial firms which have no sports sponsorship experience.

TARGET RESPONDENT & SAMPLE SIZE

50 companies which claimed that they were not sports sponsors and not interested in sponsoring sports in the phase 1 of the Sport Sponsorship Survey conducted in 1993 were invited for interviews.

Sampling method

Contact information of potential respondents were provided by Hong Kong Sports Development Board. Potential respondents were prioritized and those with higher priority were approached first and then the ones with lower priority.

DATA COLLECTION

In-depth face-to-face interviews were conducted with focus on qualitative information

From 18 January to 9 February, 1996, 50 interviews were successfully completed with the target respondents (17 from the top-priority while the other 33 from the second-priority list).

Sports Sponsorship Is Not A Commonly Used But Effective Marketing Communication Channel

Although sponsorship is considered an effective means to reach a wide range of audience, it is not considered an appropriate channel to target customers/market segments with well-defined characteristics. As a result, sports sponsorship is a minor marketing communication channel for companies with well-defined customer segments. Rather, it will be regarded as more useful for companies which aim to reach the whole market and for building corporate image among the general public.

However it should be emphasized that the effectiveness of sports sponsorship in achieving the planned objectives is high. More than 50% of sports sponsors claimed that it is very or quite effective in achieving marketing objectives.

As claimed by respondents, sports sponsorship is very effective or quite effective to

	Incidence rate (%)	No. of companies
enhance corporate image	71	5
increase brand awareness	29	2
enhance customer/staff relations	29	2
gain advertising and media coverage	29	2
• create opportunities for product		
sampling and demonstration	14	1

Not any marketing objective (e.g. sales generation) could be effectively achieved through sports sponsorship. Potential sponsors should be educated on the strength of sports sponsorships in attaining marketing goals. The strengths are:

- 1. image enhancement,
- 2. increase awareness of company, and
- 3. product promotion.

Barriers To Sponsor Sports

Regardless of the business nature of the potential sponsor, it is absolutely convincing to sponsor sports events or activities to enhance corporate image, increase brand awareness, enhance customer/staff relations and gain advertising and media coverage. To increase the usage of sports sponsorships as marketing communication channel, it would be useful for potential sponsors to have more information on how their marketing/business objectives could be achieved by sponsoring sports. The above mentioned strengths of sports sponsorship should be promoted and publicized.

Role of SDB

Based on the survey findings, a few recommendations would be made for the consideration of Sports Development Board (SDB). One of the main roles of Sports Development Board was to source sponsorship for various national sports associations (NSA's). There were two issues which affect whether those potential sponsors will start sports sponsorship, continue to sponsor sports in the future and keep long-term relationship with NSA's.

- 1. acceptance of the invitation of the sports sponsorship
- 2. satisfaction of the sports sponsorship in achieving their marketing goals

To tackle these issues, efforts should be put in the following areas:

I. Matching right potential sponsors with events/activities

Relevancy of event/activity and the business nature of the potential sponsors was a critical determining factor besides cost. Right matching is crucial, otherwise resources used in approaching those potential sponsors will be wasted. In the process of matching, consideration should be given to the sponsors' budgets, as well as the target audience that the sponsors want to target.

II. Packaging the events/activities to be sponsored

From the perspective of potential sponsors, every invitation of sports sponsorship means extra work load to them since resources have to be allocated to process the invitation. To facilitate the evaluation process, clear and precise information about the sports events, e.g. nature and objective of event/activity, timing of the event/activity, profile of participants/spectators/audience, should be prepared for their quick reference. The strength of sports sponsorship over other marketing communication channels should be clearly addressed. Personal presentation is recommended to enable potential sponsors to raise any issues they are concerned with.

III. Educating potential sponsors on the strength of sports sponsorship

The satisfaction level with sports sponsorship as a marketing communication tool is relatively low compared to other forms of sponsorships or marketing communication channels. It might be due to the mismatch of sponsors' marketing objectives and the types of marketing communication tools chosen. Hence consumer educations in the types of marketing objectives that sport sponsorship can achieve should be conducted.

Near-term Actions

Matching potential sponsors with sports events

Identify the target companies which may be potential sponsors



 Identify the objectives the potential sponsors want to achieve through sponsorships



 Matching sports events to sponsors' objectives and budget



Promoting sports events to potential sponsors

 Prepare concise and attractive promotion materials on events to be presented to potential sponsors



Follow-up action

 Constant follow-up with potential and current sponsors on changing marketing objectives

Long-term Actions

Consumer education on the benefits of sponsorships over other marketing communication channels



Constant tracking on the changing perception of the public and the sponsors towards event sponsorships

1. Incidence of changed business nature in the last three years

No change of business nature was reported in the fifty interviewed companies.

2. MARKET POTENTIAL OF SPORTS SPONSORSHIP

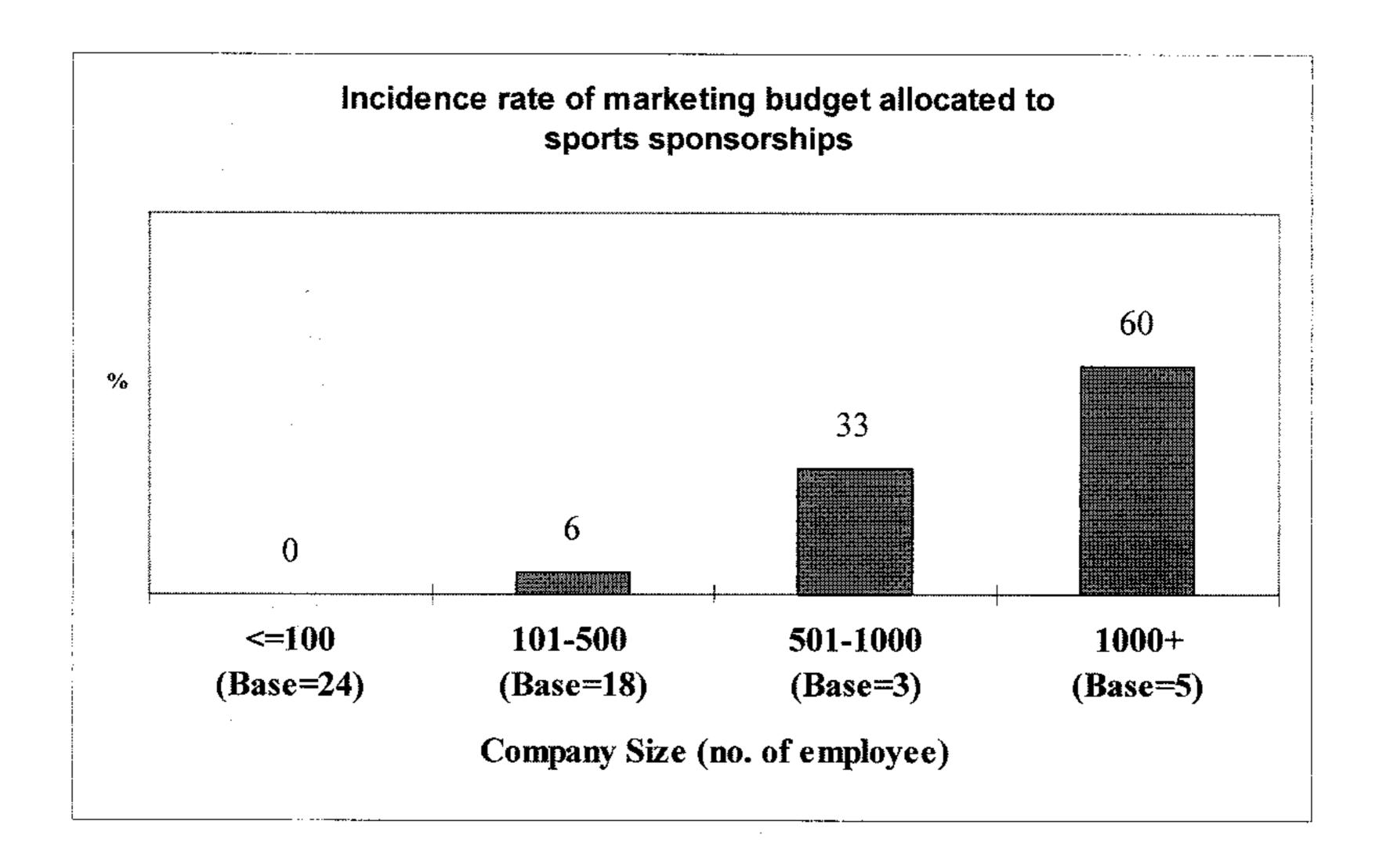
2.1 Incidence of marketing budget allocated to sports sponsorship from 1993 to 1995

Although those companies reported in the phase 1 of the survey that they were not sport sponsors and not interested in sports sponsorship, some of them did allocate marketing budget to sport sponsorship between 1993 and 1995.

- Overall speaking, 10% of respondents claimed that marketing budget of their companies had been allocated to sponsor sports activities.
- From the findings, it indicated that as the company size increases, the incidence rate of sports sponsorship increases too.

Relationship between the company size and the incidence rate of sports sponsorship

Company size (no. of employee)	Incidence rate of sports sponsorships (%)	No. of companies	Base
<= 100	0	0	24
101-500	6	1	18
501-1000	33	1	3
1000+	60	3	5



2.2 Reasons for not allocating marketing budget to sports sponsorship

45 companies, out the total of 50, did not allocate any marketing budget to sports sponsorship mainly due to the following reasons.

- Budget allocation was the critical factor. 31% of those companies have not allocated marketing budget for sports sponsorship claimed that no marketing budget for sports sponsorship was planned.
- Among these 45 companies, 31% of respondents claimed that no marketing budget was planned for sports sponsorship because their target market could not be reached through sports sponsorship.
- Among those 45 companies, 24% of them claimed that they had not received any invitation of sports sponsorship between 1993 and 1995.

2.3 Frequency of sports sponsorship

From 1993 to 1995, 5 companies (i.e. 10% of all respondents) has sponsored sports activities. Among these 5 sports sponsors, the number of events sponsored varied a lot. One of them sponsored 30 events in the past three years(1993-95). On average, the 5 companies sponsored 9.6 events in the past three years.

2.4 Sports events sponsored

From the findings, it was indicated that tennis was the most common sport event being sponsored. Two of those five sport sponsors allocated marketing budget to support tennis.

The following table summarized the sports events sponsored by those 5 companies in the past three years.

	No. of ev	No. of events company sponsored		
	1995	1994	1993	
Tennis	2	2	2	
Table Tennis	2	1	1	
Squash	1	1	1	
Ice Hockey	1	1	0	
Football	1	1	1	
Basketball	1	1	1	
Rugby	1	1	1	
÷				
Water Skiing	1	1	1	
Fishing	1	1	1	

Base: All those 5 companies allocated marketing budget to sports sponsorship from 1993 to 1995

Within the sample, more and more companies sponsored sports from 1993 to 1995. Three of them had sponsored the same events and activities from 1993 to 1995.

	No. of companies sponsored sports
1995	5
1994	4
1993	3

Base: All those 5 companies allocated marketing budget to sports sponsorship from 1993 to 1995

2.5 Type of support provided for sports sponsorship

Cash was the most common support provided. All 5 of respondents which sponsored sports events provided monetary support.

Company product was also the common support provided. 40% of sports sponsors provided company products as sponsorship.

It was found that companies might provide both cash and other supports (e.g. company products, services or equipment) at the same time.

Combination of supports	%	No. of companies
Cash only	60	3
Cash and company products and services	20	1
Cash and company products and equipment	20	1

Base: All those 5 companies allocated marketing budget to sports sponsorship from 1993 to 1995

3. Invitation for sports sponsorships

3.1 Incidence of company being approached for sports sponsorship during the past 12 months

Only 26% of all respondents had been approached for sports sponsorship during the past 12 months.

For those 13 companies which had been approached, on average, 4.8 invitations were received for each company.

3.2 Type of sport events inviting sponsor

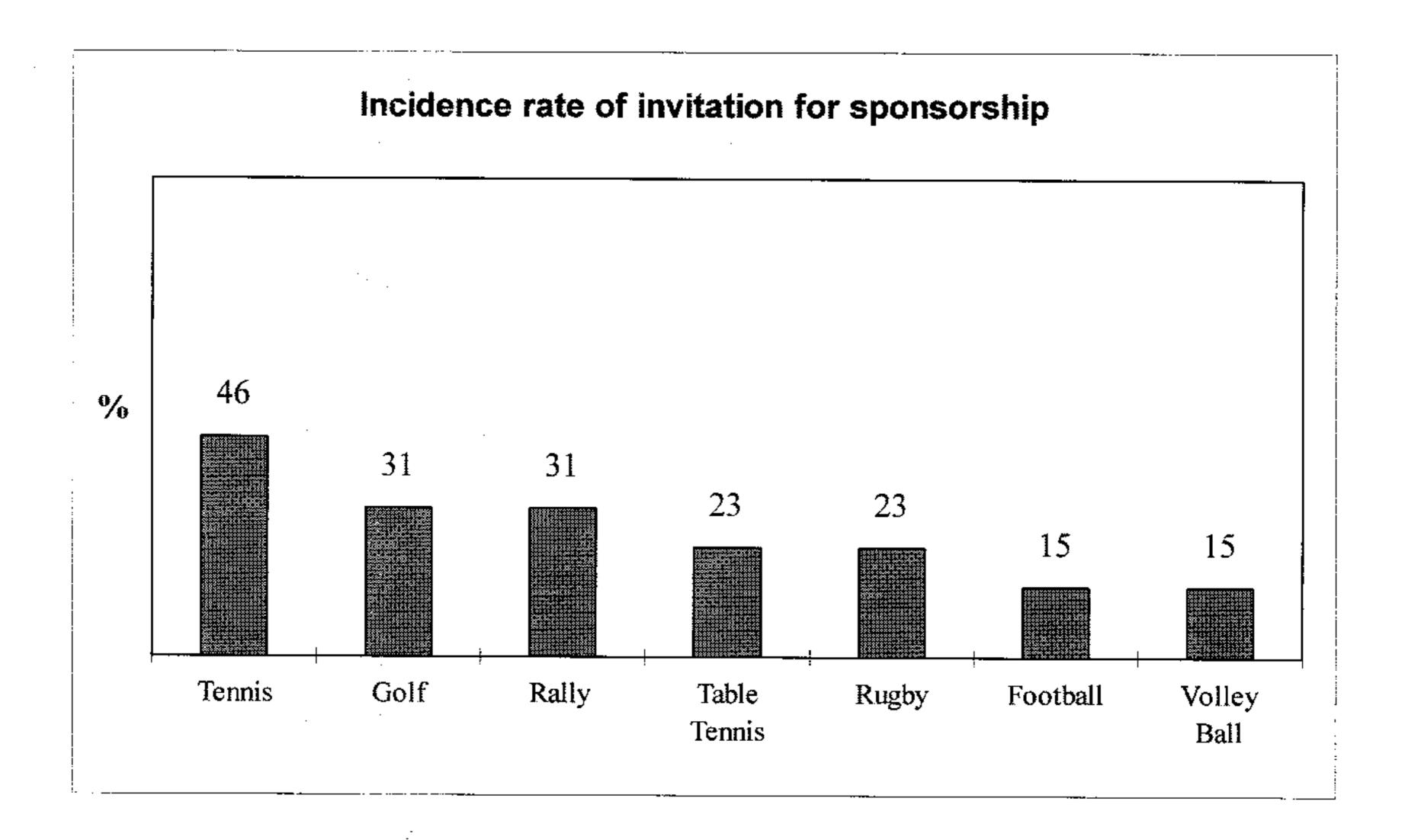
Tennis was the most frequent sport event which asked for sponsorship in the past 12 months. Among those companies which had been approached, 46% received the invitation for sponsoring tennis.

31% of respondents were approached for sponsoring golf and rally.

The following table summarized the incidence rate of invitation for sponsoring sports events.

	Incidence rate of invitation for sponsorship, %	
Tennis	46	
Golf	31	
Rally	31	
Table Tennis	23	
Rugby	23	
Football	15	
Volley Ball	15	

Base: All those companies approached for sponsoring sports events during the past 12 months (13)



3.3 Success rate of invitation

On average, 4.8 invitations were received by those 13 companies and the number of invitation leading to sponsorship was 2.8.

Success rate of invitation =
$$\frac{2.8}{4.8} \times 100\%$$

4 OBJECTIVES TO BE ACHIEVED THROUGH SPONSORING SPORT

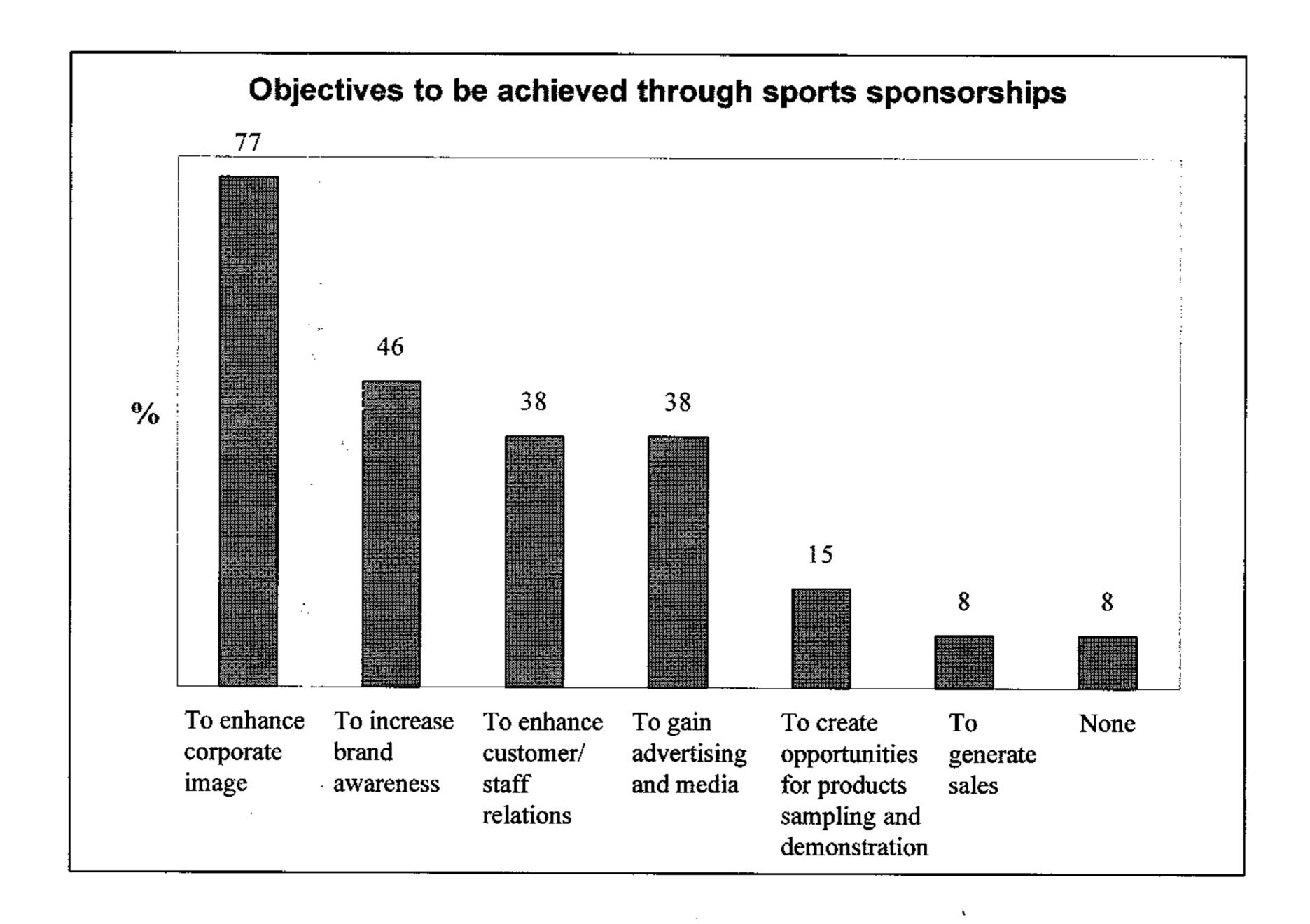
From the survey findings, sports sponsorship was used to achieve several objectives at the same time.

- The most common objective to be achieved through sports sponsorship was to enhance corporate image (77%).
- 46% of respondents supposed to increase brand awareness by sponsoring sports.
- To generate sales was the least common objective (8%)

Objectives to be achieved through sports sponsorship

:		Company Size		ze
		<=100	101-500	1000+
To enhance corporate image	77%	80	60	100
To increase brand awareness	46%	60	40	33
To enhance customer/staff relations		20	20	100
To gain advertising and media coverage	38%	40	40	33
To create opportunities for product sampling and demonstration		20	20	0
To generate sales		20	0	0
None	8%	20	0	0

Base: All those companies approached for sponsoring sports events during the past 12 months (13)



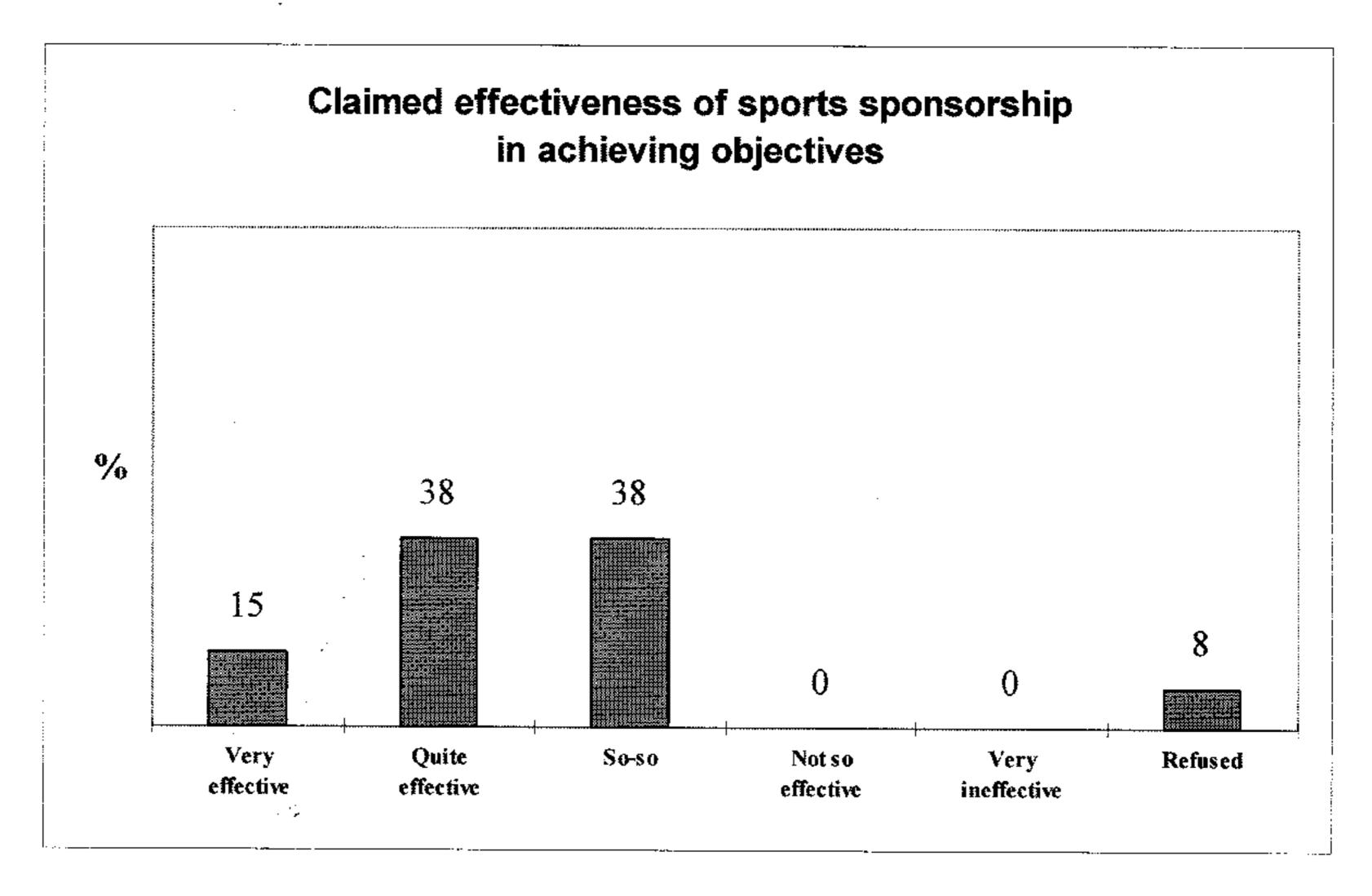
5 EFFECTIVENESS OF SPORTS SPONSORSHIP IN ACHIEVING OBJECTIVES

Out of those 13 companies which were approached for sports sponsorships during the last 12 months, none of them rated sports sponsorship as "not so effective" or "very ineffective".

54% rated that sports sponsorship was "very effective" or "quite effective" in achieving the planned objectives.

Effectiveness	%	No. of companies
Very effective	15	2
Quite effective	38	5
So-so	38	5
Not so effective	0	0
Very ineffective	0	0
Refused	8	1

Base: All those companies approached for sponsoring sports events during the past 12 months (13)



8 of those 13 approached companies claimed that they will continue sponsoring sports activities while the other 5 companies would temporarily not consider sponsoring sports activities.

Among those companies approached for sponsoring sports events during the past 12 months, they perceived that sports sponsorship is an very/quite effective means to achieve the following market objectives:-

	%	No. of companies
Enhance corporate image	71	5
Increase brand awareness	29	2
Enhance customer/staff relation	29	2
Gain advertising and media coverage	29	2
Create opportunities for product sampling and demonstration	14	1

Base: All those companies approached for sponsoring sports events during the past 12 months and rated sports sponsorship is very/quite effective to achieve marketing goals (7)

6. Usage rate of marketing communication channels in 1995

Based on the survey findings, it was found that multiple channels were used as marketing communication channel. There were two major marketing communication channels used by the respondents.

- About 66% of respondents used advertising for marketing communication. And among those companies, more than half (56.2%) of the marketing budget was allocated to advertising while the rest was allocated to the others.
- Public relations activity was another popular marketing communication channel. 56% of respondents claimed that they used it. On average, for those who used public relations activity, they allocated 50.4% of marketing budget to it.

Regarding sponsorship, it was not commonly used for marketing purpose. Moreover the percentage of marketing budget allocated was comparatively low.

Usage rate and marketing budget allocation of different marketing communication channels

	Usage rate, %	Average budget allocation, %
	Base: All respondents (50)	Base: all those who used the particular channel
Advertising	66	56.2
Public Relations Activities	56	50.4
Promotional Activities	38	36.7
Sponsorship	36	27.5
Others	6	53.3

Among those 18 companies which used sponsorship to communicate with the market, they sponsored different activities.

Charitable activity was the one most respondents (14 companies) sponsored while only 5 of those 18 companies sponsored sport activities.

Usage rate and sponsorship budget allocation of different sponsorships

	No. of company sponsoring	Average budget allocation, % Base: all those who sponsored the particular activity
Charitable activities	14	79.0
Academic activities	7	47.3
Sport	5	54.3
Cultural activities	4	40.7
Others	1	50.0

7. ADVANTAGES AND LIMITATIONS OF DIFFERENT MARKETING COMMUNICATION CHANNELS

Respondents were asked to provide opinions on the advantages and limitations of different marketing communication channels. From the table below, it indicated that different marketing communication channels have different perceived advantages over others. But still some channels have the same strength. Hence, for those companies which are currently using these channels, substitution or switching could be considered. For example, if the marketing objective is to enhance image of company, the perceived effectiveness of both sponsoring cultural activities and sponsoring charitable activities were more or less the same. Either sponsoring cultural or charitable activities is appropriate for achieve the goal. By the same token, companies sponsoring cultural activities could switch to sponsoring sports activities instead. The perceived effectiveness does not varied significantly.

Basically, awareness of company could be increased by the all four listed marketing communication channels (i.e. advertising, promotional activity, public relation activity and sponsorship) while better image could be resulted through sponsorships (including sponsoring charitable, academic, cultural and sports activities).

Through sponsorships, 30% of respondents claimed that company image would be enhanced while 24% claimed that awareness of company could be increased.

For those who had sponsorship experiences, they claimed advantages of sports sponsorship were the same as general sponsorships.

Perceived advantages of particular marketing communication channel

	Advertising	Promotional activity	Public relation activity	Sponsor -ship				·
	(50)	(50)	(50)	(50)	Charitable activity (18)	Academic activity (18)	Cultural activity (18)	Sports activity (50)
increase awareness of company	26%	20%	20%	24%	(-0)	22%	17%	14%
wider reach of customers	24%	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		····	-			
generate more business		24%		<u> </u>				 -
more direct focus on target market/segments			28%		<u>.</u>			
image enhancement			20%	30%	37%	22%	33%	30%
support community					21%			-
train potential recruits	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	****		<u></u>	<u> </u>	39%		
promote products			<u> </u>					14%

The greatest limitation or disadvantage of the four main marketing communication channels was cost.

Limited reach of customers was another major limitation of the four channels except sponsorship.

The second most important disadvantage of sponsorships was the difficulty in measuring the effectiveness.

Different sponsorship had different disadvantages:-

Perceived limitations of particular marketing communication channel

	Advertising	Promotional activity	Public relation activity	Sponsor- ship				
	(50)	(50)	(50)	(50)	Charitable activity	Academic activity	Cultural activity	Sports activity
costly	30%	(50) 24%	(50)	(50)	(18)	17%	(18)	(50)
								•
unable to reach target market segment	14%	10%	18%		·			
difficult to measure result	. ~			10%		·		
not able to ensure students will join the industry			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			11%		
no or not much benefit to company				<u>. </u>		11%		
not relevant to company .							11%	
restricted by company policy/ business nature								10%

8. DETERMINING FACTOR OF SPORTS SPONSORSHIP

Positive Factors Contributing to Sponsorships

Numerous determining factors were claimed by respondents. There were 6 factors with incidence rate above 10%. They were listed in the following table.

34% of all respondents claimed that cost was their main concern in determining whether to sponsor sports events. If it was not costly, they would consider to sponsor.

The second most important factor was the event/activity to be sponsored itself. 28% of respondents mentioned that they will consider to sponsor if the sponsored event was related to their business nature.

Factors	Incidence rate (%)	No. of companies
Not costly	34	17
Related to business nature	28	14
Contribute to the society	10	5
Promote company image	10	5
Company policy, management agreement	10	5
Relationship with organizing parties	10	5

Base: All respondents(50)

Negative Factors Discouraging Sponsorship

Also there were numerous factors reported by respondents, however their opinions were quite different. So the incidence rate of most factors were very low. The two factors with incidence rate of more than 10% were shown below.

The budget of sponsorship and whether the event/activity is itself related to the business nature were determining factors. If the invitation was turned down, it is mainly due to the budget of the company and the relevancy of event/activity and the company.

Factors	Incidence rate (%)	No. of companies
Budget constraint	42	21
Event/activity was not related to business nature	32	16

Base: All respondents(50)

9. ASSESSMENT CRITERIA OF A MARKETING COMMUNICATION CHANNEL

To assess the effectiveness of a marketing communication channel, 10 criteria were claimed by respondents.

Most respondents(52%) claimed that increased sales volume/figure or customer base was their assessment criteria.

General customer response to their marketing action was another major assessment criteria (30%).

For those relatively less common assessment criteria, please refer to the following table in which all those 10 criteria were listed.

	Incidence rate (%)
Increased sales volume or figure/customer base	52
Customer response	30
Improved awareness/recognition/image of company product	16
Increased number of customer enquiry	10
Research findings	8
Coverage of target market	2
Directness of communication with customer	2
Display products appropriately	2
Cost	2
Exposure to target	2

Base: All respondents (50)

10. SATISFACTION LEVEL OF VARIOUS MARKETING COMMUNICATION CHANNELS

Respondents were asked how much they were satisfied by the marketing communication channels they used. The satisfaction level of different marketing communication were ranked in descending order of satisfaction and listed below. The lower the score, the higher the satisfaction is. Score 1 was very satisfied, score 7 was very dissatisfied and score 4 was the mid-point between two extremes.

	Base	Mean score of satisfaction
Public relations activities	28	2.7
Advertising	33	2.9
Promotional activities	19	3.0
Sponsorship	19	3.6
- academic activities	7	2.5
- cultural activities	4	2.7
- charitable activities	14	2.9
- sports activities	5	3.5

^{*} 1.0 = Very satisfied, 7.0 = Very dissatisfied

From the survey findings, the satisfaction levels of all marketing communication channels were in the positive range (i.e. score 1 to 4) of the 7-point scale of satisfaction level.

It was found that the satisfaction level of public relations activities (2.7) was highest while that on sponsorship (3.6) was lowest among the four major marketing communication.

For different kinds of sponsorship, the satisfaction levels were different. The satisfaction in sponsoring academic activities (2.5) was highest and that in sponsoring sports (3.5) was lowest.

11. PREFERENCES ON SPORTS ACTIVITIES AND SPORTS EVENTS

Among those 5 companies who were approached in the past 12 months and claimed they would not continue to sponsor sports activities, all of them claimed that it would be a temporary decision only.

All those 5 companies who had sponsored sport between 1993 and 1995 and those who were approached in the past 12 months and decided not to sponsor sport events temporarily were asked their preference on sports activities and sports events.

Most respondents were interested in sponsoring competition and tournaments(70%) and teams(40%). 20% of respondents have no specific area of interest in sports activities to sponsor.

	Preference rate (%)
Competitions & tournaments	70
Teams	40
Promotional activities	30
Individual athletes	10
Local training & development programs	10
No specific area of interest	20

Base: All those 5 companies had sponsored sports between 93 & 95 or those 5 who were approached in the past 12 months and decided not to continue sponsoring sports events temporarily(10)

Referring to sports events, 60% of respondents were interested in sponsoring tennis. the preference rate on tennis was significantly high. 30% of respondents claimed that they did not have any specific area of interest in sports events to sponsor.

	Preference rate (%)
Tennis	60
Football	20
Golf	20
Badminton	10
Squash	10
Basketball	10
Water-skiing	10
Fishing	10
No specific area of interest	30

Base: All those company had sponsored sports between 93 & 95 or temporarily will not continue sponsoring sports events (10)

12 SPORTS SPONSORSHIP ADVISORY SERVICE (SSAS)

12.1 Awareness of SSAS

Among all 50 respondents, the awareness level of the Sports Sponsorship Advisory Service was low (26%) although 25 respondents had been interviewed in 1993.

12.2 Channel of Awareness

TV was the major channel from which respondents knew the SSAS. 31% of respondents knew SSAS from TV.

Channel of awareness	%
TV	31
Newspaper	23
Friends or relatives	23
Sport Development Board (SDB) staff	15
Other internal department	15
Booklet from SDB	8
National sport association	8

Base: All those who heard of SSAS (13)

12.3 Usage of SSAS

Among those who have heard of SSAS (13 respondents), only 4 companies (31% of those who know SSAS) used the service. However it should be noticed that all 4 users of the service claimed the service was helpful.

For those who have not used SSAS, it was mainly because they were not interested in sponsoring sports. They have no need to consider issues about sponsoring sports as well as using SSAS. Another reason was that they did not know well about the situation in Hong Kong and the Sports Development Board.

12.4 Future expectation on SSAS and sports events/activities to be sponsored

Those 4 users of SSAS expected SDB to

- 1. help identifying suitable sports to sponsor
- 2. provide more marketing supports
- 3. be informed if any special campaign was available

And the events/activities to be sponsored should be mass appealing and affordable.

12.5 Further information

42% of respondents preferred to have further information of SSAS. The incidence rate of preferring for further information was listed although analyses based on marketing budget could not be made due to the small base.

Marketing budget	Base	Incidence rate of preferring further information(%)	No. of companies
None	6	17	1
0.5M or below	13	31	4
0.51M - 1M	5	40	2
1.01M - 5M	10	70	7
25M or above	2	50	1
Refused/Don't know	14	43	6

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Address:	Address Code :	
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Good morning/afternoon, I am First, I'd like to thank you for agreeing to participated; conversation a few day ago, SRH is conducting this Board. In 1993, you (your company) participated is behalf of the Hong Kong Sports Development Boarderview with you regarding sports sponsorship. COMPANY Manufacturing Please specify product (19)(120(121)		As I indicated during our telephone the Hong Kong Sports Developmend by the University of Hong Kong or would like to have a more in-depth ompany was (READ OUT) Real Estate Business Services Electricity, Gas & Water Restaurants & Hotels Transport & related services
Good morning/afternoon, I am First, I'd like to thank you for agreeing to participated in the sound of the Hong Kong Sports Development Benterview with you regarding sports sponsorship. COMPANY As the information provided in 1993, the busing the sales are specify product (122)(123)(124) Retail		As I indicated during our telephone the Hong Kong Sports Developmend by the University of Hong Kong or would like to have a more in-depth ompany was (READ OUT) Real Estate Business Services Electricity, Gas & Water Restaurants & Hotels
Good morning/afternoon, I am First, I'd like to thank you for agreeing to participated in the conversation a few day ago, SRH is conducting this Board. In 1993, you (your company) participated in the behalf of the Hong Kong Sports Development Boaterview with you regarding sports sponsorship. COMPANY As the information provided in 1993, the busing Please specify product (1/9)(1/2)(1/2) Whole sales Please specify product (1/2)(1/2)(1/2) Retail Please specify product	_, an interviewer from pate in this survey. In a survey conducted coard. Today, we were so as the same of your conducted from the your conducted from	As I indicated during our telephone the Hong Kong Sports Developmen d by the University of Hong Kong or would like to have a more in-deption ompany was (READ OUT) Real Estate Business Services Electricity, Gas & Water Restaurants & Hotels Transport & related services Storage Communication Services Construction
Good morning/afternoon, I am First, I'd like to thank you for agreeing to participated is conversation a few day ago, SRH is conducting this goard. In 1993, you (your company) participated is behalf of the Hong Kong Sports Development Benterview with you regarding sports sponsorship. COMPANY Manufacturing Please specify product (19)(12)(12) Whole sales Please specify product (12)(12)(12) Retail Please specify product (15)(10)(17)	_, an interviewer from pate in this survey. In a survey conducted coard. Today, we were so as the same of your conducted from the your conducted from	As I indicated during our telephone the Hong Kong Sports Developmend by the University of Hong Kong or would like to have a more in-depth ompany was (READ OUT) Real Estate Business Services Electricity, Gas & Water Restaurants & Hotels Transport & related services Storage Communication Services Construction Others
Good morning/afternoon, I am First, I'd like to thank you for agreeing to participated in the conversation a few day ago, SRH is conducting this Board. In 1993, you (your company) participated in the behalf of the Hong Kong Sports Development Board interview with you regarding sports sponsorship. COMPANY As the information provided in 1993, the busing Please specify product (19)(12)(12) Whole sales Please specify product (12)(12)(12)(12) Retail Please specify product (12)(12)(12)	_, an interviewer from pate in this survey. In a survey conducted coard. Today, we were so as the same of your conducted from the your conducted from	As I indicated during our telephon the Hong Kong Sports Developmend by the University of Hong Kong of would like to have a more in-dept ompany was (READ OUT) Real Estate Business Services Electricity, Gas & Water Restaurants & Hotels Transport & related services Storage Communication Services Construction

				•
	S2 Did the b	usiness nature of your company change	e in the last two ye	ars?
				······································
The second secon		ISK	IP TO QIJ No.	2
		HOSE WHO ASKED "YES" IN S2		
The second of th	1(32)	Manufacturing Please specify product	6	Real Estate Business Services
	2	(138)(134)(135) Whole sales Please specify product (136)(137)(138)	8 9	Electricity, Gas & Water Restaurants & Hotels Transport & related services Storage
A COLUMN TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	3	Retail Please specify product (39)(14)	1 (1/2)	Communication Services Construction Others
	4 <u> </u>	Banks & other financial institutions Insurance		Please specify (1/x)(1/4)()
	L-,,,,,			
			•	

.

MAIN QUESTIONNAIRE

Q1a	Have your company allocated any marketing budget to sports sponse		1775 10 1771	5?
	[SKIP TO Q2] Yes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	***************************************	l (
	[ASK Q1b, THEN SKIP TO Q7] No	••••••		2
Q1b	Can you tell me the reason(s)? Any other? (MA)			
			(146)(147)(/)	, ,
	# " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "		(158)(147)(<i>/</i>) (150) (151)(/)	,
			(152)-(153) (154) -(155)	
Q2	How many sports events did you sponsor between 1993 and 1995?			
				tin
		(156)	(157)	1
Q3	What kind of sports events did your company sponsored in 1995? (d in detail) (•
Q3	What kind of sports events did your company sponsored in 1995? (rd in detail) ((158)(159)(/) (161)(/)	 -
Q3	What kind of sports events did your company sponsored in 1995? (rd in detail) ((158)-(159)(/_)	
		Please recor	d in detail) ((158)(159)(/)(160)(161)(/)(162)(163)(/) (164-165) (166-167)	
Q3 Q4	What kind of sports events did your company sponsored in 1995? (What kind of sports events did your company sponsor in 1994? (Ple	Please recor	d in detail) ((158)(159)(/)(160)(161)(/)(162)(163)(/) (164-165) (166-167)	
		Please recor	d in detail) ((158)(159)(/)(161)(/)(162)(163)(/) _(164-165) (166-167) in detail) (M(168)(169)(/)	A)
		Please recor	In detail) ((158)(159)(/) (160)(161)(/) (164-165) (166-167) in detail) (M (168)(169)(/) (170)(171)(/)	A)
		Please recor	In detail) ($(158)(159)(4)$ $(164)(161)(4)$ $(164-165)$ $(166-167)$ in detail) (M $(168)(169)(4)$ $(162)(171)(4)$ $(172)(173)(4)$	A)
Q4	What kind of sports events did your company sponsor in 1994? (Ple	Please recor	In detail) ((158)(159)(/) (160)(161)(/) (164-165) (166-167) in detail) (M (168)(169)(/) (170)(171)(/)	A)
		Please recor	In detail) (A)
Q4	What kind of sports events did your company sponsor in 1994? (Ple	Please recor	rd in detail) (A)
Q4	What kind of sports events did your company sponsor in 1994? (Ple	Please recor	In detail) (-(158)(159)(\checkmark) -(164)(161)(\checkmark) -(164-165) (166-167) in detail) (M -(176)(171)(\checkmark) -(174-175) (176-177) -(28)(219)(\checkmark) -(220)(221)(\checkmark)	A)
Q4	What kind of sports events did your company sponsor in 1994? (Ple	Please recor	rd in detail) (A)

Q6	What kind of support does your company usually provid	le for sports	sponsorshi	o?	
		Mone	V	••••••••••	01 6-
		Comp	any produc	t	02 (2
		Servic	æ	••••••••	03 (2
		———	s (Please sp	ecity)	_ (23 _ (23
	[ASK ALL]		•	•	(23
Q7	Has your company ever been approached for sponsoring	sports even	ts during th	e past 12 mc	onths?
				•••••••	
	[SKIP TO C	[14] No	••••••••		2
Q8	How many times has your company been approached du	ring the pas	t 12 months	;? 	
] time
		(241)	(242)	(243)	
Q9	What kind of sport activities were they? (MA)				
				(244)(245)(/)
				_(246)(24/)(Ś
				_(248)(249)(/)
010				(250-251) (252-253)	
Q10	How many events did you sponsor through this kind of i	nvitations?			
					time
		(254)	(255)	(356)]
Q11	In general, what are the objectives you want to achieve b	oy sponsorin	g sport? (N	/(A)	
		To en	hance corpo	orate image	01 (25)
		To inc	rease brand nerate sales	awareness.	02 (25 03
		10 cre	eate opporti		126
		-	oduct samp	•	04 /5
			monstration	n mer/staff	U4 (2)
		ге	ations	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	05 (26
		To gai	n advertisir	ig & media	06 454
			verage (please spe	cify)	
				 	(289 -171- (272)
					(2//-

	Very effective	I	(ZiS)
	Quite effective	2	*10/
	So-so Not so effective	4	
[ASK Q12b]	Very ineffective	5	
[ASK THOSE WHO ASK CODE "4" OR "5" IN Q12a]			
212bWhy do you consider sports sponsorship is "Not so effective" objectives?	' or "Very ineffective'	" in achieving	g you
		3/9)(320)(~)	
		317)(320)(//) (321)(322)(//) (323)(324)(//)	
 · 			
213a Will your company continue sponsoring sports events?	ť	325-326) 327-328)	
[SKIP TO Q14a]	Yes	1	(3)
	No	2	•
[ASK THOSE WHO ANSWER CODE "2" IN Q13a]			
Q13bIs it a temporary decision?			
Q13bIs it a temporary decision?	Temporary Permanent		(3 5 9)
Q13bIs it a temporary decision?	Temporary Permanent		(3 5 9)
Q13bIs it a temporary decision? [SKIP TO Q14a]	Permanent	2	(3 5)
Q13bIs it a temporary decision? [SKIP TO Q14a]	Permanent	(331)(332)(/-) (333)(339)(/-)	(3 5 9)
Q13bIs it a temporary decision? [SKIP TO Q14a]	Permanent	(331)(332)()	(3 5 9)

[ASK ALL] [SHOW CARD]

Q14a Which marketing communication channels did your company use in 1995?	

Advertising		Yes	
Promotional A	ctivities (eg. product sampling, sales)	Yes	
Public Relation	s Activities (eg. press conference, exhibition)	Yes	·
Sponsorship (e	g. sports or charity sponsorship)	Yes	
Others (Please	specify)	Yes	•

Q14bCan you tell me what percentage of the whole marketing budget is allocated to each of the marketing communication channel you have just mentioned? (READ OUT ALL MARKETING COMMUNICATION CHANNELS CODE "1" IN Q14a)

Advertising	•			%
	(3 83)	(364)	(২৫১)	
Promotional Activities	(2//)	(367)	(368)	%
Public Relations	(36)	(3, /)	(368)	
Activities	(369)	(376)	(37\$)	%
Sponsorship				%
	(3/2)	(373)	(37k)	, ,
Others (Please specify)				%
	(375)	(376)	(37))	·
	1	0	0	%

14c Regarding the marketing budget of	of sponsorship, what is the perc	entage allo	ocated to.	(MA)
			·	
	Charitable Activities	(418)	(419)	(420)
	Academic Activities			
		(421)	(\$22)	((23)
	Cultural Activities			
		(¢2¢)	(F25)	(\$26)
	Sports Activities	(42))	(42f)	(429)
	Others (Please specify)			
		(43v)	(431)	(432)
		1	0	0
[ASK ALL] [ROTATE Q15-Q	19]			
Q15 In your opinion, what are the adv	antages of "Advertising" as a n	narketing o	communica	ation chan
			(\$35)(189(~) }(188)(~) }(188)(~) }-446) (44
How about the disadvantages or l	imitations? Any others?		• • •	
		······································	445)(44)() }(446)() ')(48)()
			ſ	9-450)

	[ASK ALL]	
Q16	In your opinion, what are the advantages of "Promotional activities" as a necessary channel? (NA)	narketing communication
		(453) (459)()
		(455)(454)(/)
	-	(45/)(458)(~)
		(459-460) (461-462
	How about the disadvantages or limitations? Any others? (MA)	
		(4B)(U4)(~)
		(465)(466)(/)
		(47)(48)(~)
		(469-470)
	- · · - · - ·	(471-472)
	[ASK ALL]	
Q17	In your opinion, what are the advantages of "Public Relations Activities" a channel?	s a marketing communication
		(5/8)(5/9)(-)
		(58)(519)(/-) (550)(521)(/-)
		(522)(523)(~)
		(524-525) (526-527)
	How about the disadvantages or limitations? Any others?	
		(528)(529)(~)
		(Sb)(SI)(<)
	<u> </u>	(S 3)(S 3)(<)
		(534-535)(536-537)
	[ASK ALL]	
Q18	In your opinion, what are the advantages of "Sponsorship" as a marketing	communication channel?
		(e)(t) (e)(h) ()
		(538°)(53°9)()
		(548)(587)() (540)(541)()
		(54 ₀)(54/)() (54 ₂)(54 ₃)()
		(540)(541)() (542)(543)() (544)(545)
	How about the disadvantages or limitations? Any others?	(54 ₀)(54/)() (54 ₂)(54 ₃)()
	How about the disadvantages or limitations? Any others?	(\$40)(\$41)() (\$42)(\$43)() (\$44)(\$45) (\$46)(\$47)
	How about the disadvantages or limitations? Any others?	(540)(541)() (542)(543)() (544)(545) (548)(547)
	How about the disadvantages or limitations? Any others?	(\$40)(\$41)() (\$42)(\$43)() (\$44)(\$45) (\$46)(\$47) (\$50)(\$61)()
	How about the disadvantages or limitations? Any others?	(540)(541)() (542)(543)() (544)(545) (548)(547)

	[ASK THOSE WHO ANSWERED "YES" IN ITEMS "OTHERS" IN Q (INTERVIEWER, PLEASE SPECIFY :)]	14a
Q19	In your opinion, what are the advantages of "(READ OUT THE ANSWER III) Q14a) as a marketing communication channel?	N ITEM "OTHER" IN
		(558)(55%(~)
		(566)(561)(~)
		(56)(563)(~)
		(564-565) (566-567)
	How about the disadvantages or limitations? Any others?	
		(568)(569)(~)
		<u>(570)(571)(</u> ~)
		(572)(5]3)(~)
		(574-575) (576-571)
	[ASK THOSE WHO HAVE SPONSORSHIP BUDGET IN Q14a] [ROT	ATE Q20-Q23]
Q20	In your opinion, what are the advantages of "sponsoring charitable activities" communication channel?	as a marketing
		(68)(61 9)(~)
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	(626)(621)(1)
		(622)(623)(1)
	How about the disadvantages or limitations? Any others?	(624-625)(626-627)
		(628)(629)(~)
		(630)(631)(~)
		(63)(63)([/])
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(634-635) (636-637)
	[ASK THOSE WHO HAVE SPONSORSHIP BUDGET IN Q14a]	•
Q21	In your opinion, what are the advantages of "sponsoring academic activities" communication channel?	as a marketing
		_(G8)(G9)(~)
		(40)(641)(-)
		(6/2)(6/3)()
	How about the disadvantages or limitations? Any others?	(644-645) (646-647)
		(48)(649)(-)
		(650)(6 61)(-)
		(652)(653)(-)
		(654-655)
		(656-657)

[ASK THOSE WHO HAVE SPONSORSHIP BUDGET IN Q14	a]
---	----

	TASK I BUSE WHO HAVE SPUNSUKSHIP BUDGET IN Q148	
Q22	In your opinion, what are the advantages of "sponsoring cultural activition channel?	ities" as a marketing
		(58)(59)(~)
		(660)(661)(-)
		(66)(663)(~)
	How about the disadvantages or limitations? Any others?	(664-665) (666-667)
		(68)(69)(~)
		(67b)(671)(~)
		(62)(63)(/)
		(674)(675)
	[ASK ALL]	(676)(677)
Q23	In your opinion, what are the advantages of "sponsoring sports activitic communication channel?	ies" as a marketing
		(7/8)(7/9)()
		(720)(721)()
		(722)(723)()
		(724)(725)
	How about the disadvantages or limitations? Any others?	(726)(727)
		(78)(79)(
		(736)(731)()
		(732)(733)()
	[ASK ALL]	(735-736)
24	In general, what are the determining factors of deciding whether to spe	onsor or not?
	Factors for "to sponsor":	
	• 	(737)(738)()
		(739)(740)()
		(%)(%)()
	Factors for "not to sponsor"	(743)(744)(745)(746)
	1 dotors for the to specisor	(7kJ)(7kJ)()
		(749)(750)()
		(751)(752)(
		(753)(754) (755)(756)
Q25	Generally speaking, what are the criteria you use to assess the effective communication channel?	eness of a marketing
		(<i>\%</i> (<i>\%</i>
		(75/)(760)() (75/)(760)()
		('\('a\)()
	•	
	P.10	(762 - 763) (764 - 765)
	- • -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

[SHOW CARD]

Q26 How satisfied are your company with the various marketing communication channels used?

	Very satisfied l	2	3	4	5	6	Very unsatisfied 7
Advertising	1 (766)	2	3	4	5	6	7
Promotional Activities	1 (767)	2	3	4	5	6	7
Public Relations Activities	1 (768)	2	3	4	5	6	7
Sponsorship	1 (769)	2	3	4	5	6	7
Charity Sponsorship	1 (770)	2	3	4	5	6	7
Academic Sponsorship	1 (771)	2	3	4	5	6	7
Cultural Sponsorship	1 (772)	2	3	4	5	6	7
Sport Sponsorship	1 (773)	2	3	4	5	6	7
Others (please specify)	1 (774)	2	3	4	5	6	7
(775-776)		<u> </u>					

[Q27a, b, ASK THOSE WHO ANSWERED "YES" IN Q1a OR ANSWERED "TEMPORARY" IN Q13b]

Q27a If possible, which of the following sports activities will your company prefer to sponsor most?

[READ OUT THE ANSWERS]

Competitions &
tournaments
Individual athletes2
Teams3
Local training & develop-
ment programmes, (e.g.
training course, award
scheme, etc.)4
Promotional activities (e.g.
sports festival,
fun day, etc.)5
Others (please specify)
(77 <i>8-779</i>)

[DON'T READ OUT] No specific area of interest 1 (26)

Q27b Which sports are your company interested in sponsoring?

Tennis	1 (8/8)
Soccer	2
Golf	3
Badminton	4
Squash	5
Basketball	6
Others (please specify)	
	(819-820)

No specific area of interest ... 1 (82)

Q28	Have you ever heard of "Sports Sponsorship Advisory Serv	rice" of the Hone	r Kong Sports	
~	Development Board?			
	CONTINUE	Yes		(823)
	[SKIP TO Q34]	No	2	()
	[ASK THOSE WHO ANSWERED "YES" IN Q28]			
29	Through what channel did you hear about the Service?			
			(P>3)(P>9)()	
			(825)(826)() (827)(826)()	
			(8>9-830)(831	-832)
30	Have you ever used the Service?			
	[SKIP TO Q32]	Yes	1	(83)
	[CONTINUE]	No	2	
31	Why haven't you used the Service?			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	(834)(835)(_)	
			(836)(&3])(~) (838)(839)(~)	
			(840-841)	
	[ASK THOSE WHO ANSWERED "YES" IN Q30]		(842-843)	
)32	Do you find the Service useful in helping you to understand	or deciding futur	re sports sponsorsh	ip?
		Yes	1	(844)
		No	2	
	What kind of assistance do you expect the Hong Kong Sport Sponsorship Advisory Service will provide for you in the fut	•	Board's Sports	
		·	(Bks)(8k6)()	
		-	(847)(818)() (847)(818)()	
			\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
			(851-852)	

	Yes		
Lastly, I would like to ask a few questions about your o			••••••
35 How many full-time employees are currently working in	n your compan	y in Hong K	long?
(856)	(857)	(858)	(859)
36 For the year 1996, roughly what percentage of your co	mpany's marke	ting bud ge t	will be allo
[READ OUT]			
Advertising			
	/ ** / * *	(0)	$(O(\pi)$
	(263)	(864)	(865)
Promotional Activities2			
	(868)	(864)	(868)
Promotional Activities			
Public Relations Activities3	(866)	(867)	(868)
	(866)	(867)	(868)
Public Relations Activities3	(866)	(867)	(888)

	A = 1971 1 1
	0.5 million or below
	1.01 - 5 millions
	5.01 - 10 millions 4
	10.01 - 25 millions 5
	Above 25 millions 6
	Refused to answer 7
person-in-charge?	
Department:	
Staff name :	(Bo)(Si)()
Title :	(B ₂)(S ₃ ()
8 Would you mind if we gi for following up your red	ve your company information to the Hong Kong Sports Development Bouirement?
8 Would you mind if we gi for following up your red	ve your company information to the Hong Kong Sports Development Bouirement? I do mind*

		•
	SURVEY RESEARCH HONGKONG LTD	EDIT CARD NO. :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	TEL. NO.: 2880-3388 (DAY TIME) 2880-3393 (NIGHT TIME)	JOB NO. <u>50670</u> (102-105) CODE Q'NAIRE NO (106-109) INT. NO (110-113) CHECK ADD. CODE (114-117)
	50670 SPORTS SPONSORSHIP SURVEY 被訪者姓名: 聯絡電話	
	公司名稱:	
	过过:	地址密碼:
	訪問日期 : 開始訪問時間 :	訪問員編號 :
U		
	L	
	早晨/午安,找係 訪問。正如我上次條電話上講過,SRH條代 經營與過由香港大學代表香港康體發展局進行。	易研究社嘅訪問員。首先,好多謝你參與呢次嘅 表香港康體發展局做呢項訪問。93年貴公司曾 既一項統計。今日,我哋想深入啲同你做一個有
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	<u> </u>	司資料」
	S1. 據我她93年嘅資料所得,貴公司嘅業務 (訪問員讀出)	性質主要係 (54)
	1(6 地產
	(1]9)(120)(121)	7 商業服務
	2	8 電力、煤氣或水力公司
	(12Z)(123)(j24·	9 酒樓及酒店
	3 零售商	0 運輸及同類服務
	(1 ² 5)(126)(127)	米(12.3)4 儲存 (STORAGE)
	4 銀行及其他金融公司	1(128) 通訊服務
		2 建築
	5 保險	3 其他 (請註明)
<i>(</i>		(/29)(/30)

		•
S2.	請問貴公司由93年起,業 務性質有方改變過呢?	有 1(/3)
	ł.	跳至 Q1 — 冇 2
	問 S2 答'有'嘅人	
DS3.	咁現在嘅主要業務性質係 (SA	
1 (132	製造商 講註明產品	6 地產
	(\]33)(\]34)([3	7 商業服務
2	批發商 請註明產品	8 電力、煤氣或水力公司
	(136)(137)(13	(2) 9 酒樓及酒店
3	零售商 請註明產品	0 運輸及同類服務
	(31)(40)((/)
		* (H2) 4 儲存 (STORAGE)
4	銀行及其他金融公司	1(192) 通訊服務
		2 建築
1 5	保險	3 其他 (請註明)
	•	(143) (144)

				•
		MAIN QUESTIONNA	IRE	
		· .		
Q1a.	請問貴公司條93-95年 期間度有有撥出經費去贊助	跳至 Q2	一有	1 (145)
	任何體育活動呢?	₽Ħ O1h	. 	· •
		問 Q1b , 然後跳問 Q7	·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		<u> </u>	•	-
041	m			
Ulb.	點解呢?(MA)		-	
				_ (146-147) (148-149)
				_ (150-151) (152-153)
		<u> </u>		_ (154-15 5)
	•			
Q2.	共有多少次?			欠
			(156) (157)	
			. 456) (131)	
Q3.	建甲基八三沙 〇 5 5 5 5 8 11 1	医乳腺 新有风度 建苯基氏 毛毛 中国 (4)	/ > +: >>> /	Λ \
WJ.	請問責公司條95年度贊助证	型这心冠	(調辞細列出) (171)	
		····		_ (158-159) (160-161)
	······································	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_ (162-163) (164-165)
		5. U. 1. 5. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.		(166-167)

清問貴公司條94年度贊助過邊的體育活動呢?	(請詳細列出) (M4)
	(168-169) (170-171) (172-173) (174-175)
	(174-175) (176-177)
請問責公司條93年度贊助過邊啲體育活動呢?	(請詳細列出) (NA) (218-219)
	(210 - 221 (222-223)
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(224-225)
貴公司通常係透過啲乜嘢形	現金 01(22()(物品 (例如貨物、産品) 02(23。)(
式去贊助呢的體育活動?(MA)	服務
	(234) (236) (
	(238)
問所有人	
條過去十二個月內,有有公司或者團體機構,曾經邀請 ————	有 1(2
過貴公司贊助體育活動呢? (例如:學校、運動團體或 公司)	一方
咁喺過去十二個月內,總共	次
被邀請過幾多次呢?	(241) (242) (243)
通常係邊一類嘅體育活動呢? (請詳細列出)	(MA)
	(244-245) (246-247)
	(248-240)

Q10. 咁其中又有幾多次貴公司係 應承贊助嘅呢?		(254) (255) (256)	•
Q11. 通常你哋希望透過贊助體育活動嚟達到乜嘢目的呢?仲有呢? (MA)		加強公司形象	. 03(261)(262 . 04(263)(264 . 05(265)(266)
Q12a.整體 樑講,你認為有 有效呢?	問 Q12b	非常有效	
只問 Q12a 答 CODE 4 或 5 Q12b.點解你認為贊助體奝活動「不过		方效」?(M件) 	320) 321) 321) 326)
Q13a.咁貴公司會唔會繼續贊助體 育活動呢?	跳至 Q14a		1(324)
只問如 Q13a 答'唔會' Q13b.咁會係暫時性定係永久性嘅呢?	跳至 Q14a	一暫時性 永久性	1(JD) 2
Q13c.點解你咁決定呢? (MA)		(33)- (333- (335- (337) (337)	-332) -334) -338) -338)
	P.5		

						•
	問所有人 示咭 問所有人 示咭 314a.咁貴公司條95年通常用啲乜嘢媒介嚟做推廣	[₹] =₹ ; ≠ ₹∕ \$ =7 # 1###################################		<i>l</i> ; →	•	
_	3143. ¹ 目の可採りの平通吊用町15円線が保設推廣 廣告			,	1 1 (TÚ)	\ (Tdz
	/央 🗔	有 冇	• • • • • •	6	2015) (Ab-
	促銷活動 (例如送贈品、減價)	有		() 1 (347	1518
		有 行		(2 (349)(3 <i>50</i>
	公關活動(例如攪展覽會)	有 冇	• • • • •	••••• () 1 (35)) 2 (35))(352 3 <i>)(354</i> .
	贊助 (例如贊助體育或慈善活動)	•				
	贊助(例如贊助體育或慈善活動)	有 有		••••• (0 2 (35)	1358,
	其他(請註明)	有 冇	· · · · · · · ·		0 1 (359 0 2 (36))(360) (362)
Π	Q14b.呢的媒介,個別佔整個 MARKETING BUDGET 應終多個%呢?				中国外	20公司(1) 20公司(1)
	WI4D. 呼吸媒介, 1回別16整個 MAKKELING BUDGET 嘅幾多個%呢? (只讀 Q14a 答'有'嘅媒介) (MA)	廣告	(7/2)	77.LU. \	(7/5)	% DK R
	(六碘 U14a 合 角 吃饭分) (四个)	促銷活動		CVT)	(300)	%
	·- ·	[八元] (CI 美力)	(366)	(367)	(E68)	
		公闆活動	1,000		(900)	%
	• • •	•	(3 <i>f</i> ^q)	(370)	(57 <i> </i>)	J
		賛助				%
U			(372)	(373)	(374)	J
		其他 (請註明)				%
			(375)	.(376)	(577)	
			1	0	0	%
أنيطة]´Ğ

只問 Q14a 答'有贊助'嘅人			•	•	
Q14c. 咁條贊助之中,有幾多%係 (/A) 慈善活動]%dk
分比		(418)	(419)	(42C)	,
	學術活動				%
		(\Z\)	(422)	(⁽ {Z \)	
	文化活動	;			%
	-	(424)	(\$25) T	(426) T	┐
	體育活動	/- 7	4-0		%
	-1-2- 7-1 .	(42+)	(428)	(424) T	7
	其他(請註明)	(#3C)	(//7)	(432)]%
		_ ((30)	(101)	(752)	·
		1	0	0	%
間所有人 輪流讀出 Q15 -	Q19				
Q15. 廣告嘅好處或優點係?(MA)					
		•	(433-43 (435-43	36)	
			(14374) (439-4	38) (407	
団缺點或者限制呢? (^^)			(441-44	<i>L</i>)	
			(443-4	44)	
			(\$45-4 (\$47-4 (\$49-4) (\$5)-4	46) 48)	
			1449-4	5C) 57)	
			•		

P.7

促銷活動嘅好處或優點係?(川子)	
	(453- (455-
	(†57- (459- (461-
咁缺點或者限制呢? (MA)	
······································	(463-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(467 1169
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(\$7)·
問所有人 (ABINE TO	
公關活動嘅好處或優點係?(MA)	1518 -
	(518 - (520 - (527 (524 (526
	(524 (526
咁缺點或者限制呢? (MA)	
	(528) (530) (532)
	(534) (536)
問所有人	."
贊助嘅好處或優點係?(MA)	
	(538
一	(5 46
	(ፒ/ኒያ
	(548) (550) (552)
	(5.5%

	問 Q14a 答有'其他'嘅人(請註明 :	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ີ ງວ19.	咁 (讀出 Q14a'其他'一項嘅答案) 嘅好處或優點係? (MA)	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		(558-559) (560-56 l
	······································	(558-554) (560-561 (562-565) (564-565 ((566-567)
	咁缺點或者限制呢? (MA)	((<i>500 つい</i> ナ)
		(568-569)
		(568-569) (570-571) (572-573) (574-575 (576-577)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(574-573) (576-577)
	問 Q14a 答有贊助任何活動嘅人 輪流讀出 Q20 - Q23	
) Q20.	贊助慈善活動嘅好處或優點係? (MA)	
		(618-619) (620-621)
		(620-621) (622-623) (624-625) (626-627)
	一 咁缺點或者限制呢? (MA)	(626-6ET)
		(628-624)
		(628-624) (630-631) (632-633) (634-635) (636-637)
		(636 - 637)
	問 Q14a 答有贊助任何活動嘅人	•
)021	. 贊助學術活動嘅好處或優點係? (MA)	, es
		(638-639) (640-641)
	· .	(642-645) (646-645) (646-647).
	一 咁缺點或者限制呢? (MA)	\C\YD\D\T\'
		(645-649)
	·	(646-649) (650-651) (659-655) (656-557)
		(F56-£57)

贊助文化活動嘅好處或優點係? (MA)	
	(658 -659)
	(658-651) (660-661) (662-663) (664-665) (666-667)
	(664-665)
咁缺點或者限制呢? (MA)	
	(668-669 (670-671
	(672-673
	(674-675 (676-675
	•
問所有人	
體育活動贊助嘅好處或優點係? (MA)	. A7107 7)
	(10718-710 (720-772
······	(720-72 (722-72 (724-72 (726-72
	(72 <i>6</i> -72
咁缺點或者限制呢? (MA)	a
······································	(/28-/2 (73c-73
·	(728-72 (735-73 (733-73 (735-73
<u> </u>	(735-736
問所有人	·
你地通常會考慮乜嘢因素嚟決定贊助與否呢?贊	[助係基於啲乜嘢原因呢?唔贊助]
呢?	
贊助嘅原因 : (<u>MA)</u>	(757-73 (739-74 <i>0</i>
	(741-74 (743-74
	(745-74
唔贊助嘅原因 : (<u>MA)</u>	(/47-74

_									
	Q25.	整體磔講,貴公司會用啲乜嘢準則		一個推開	⋚媒介係	唔係成习	力哦呢?	75I-758	
							(757-758 754-760 761-76))
		示咭					(762 - 76	5) 5)
	Q26.	貴公司對以上所採用嘅推廣媒介系 (一分代表"非常滿意",而七名	有幾滿意	呢?	(計畫27 \			-	
		(一分17段 非吊桶总 ,而下分	非常	非吊哈	南.思.)			<u>,</u> .	非常
			滿意 1	2	3	4	5	6	唔滿意 7
		廣告 促銷活動	1 (766) 1 (767)	2	3	4	5 5	6	7 7
		公關活動	1 (768) 1 (769) 1 (770)	2 2 2	3 3	4 4 4	5 5 5	6 6	7 7
		學術活動贊助	1(771)	2 2	3 3	4	5 5	6	7 7 7
U			1(774)	2	3	4	5	6	7
		(775-776)				<u></u>			
		Q27a, b 只問 Q1a 答'有'或	Q13b 答	"暫時	,嘅人				
	Q27a	a. 如果情況許可,貴公司最有 興趣贊助邊類型嘅體育項目			各項比個別說	」 上賽 重動員 .			1(777)
		呢?例如 (讀出)				音訓及發	展(如詞	川練班、	3
					宣傳流其他	計劃) 手動(如 (請註明	體育節	、同樂日) 5
								(778	-7797
		•	不	讀出	一 有特別	別興趣 .		. .	1 (78 <i>C</i>)
	Q27	b.對邊類型嘅運動又特別有興 趣呢?			網球 足球		· • • • • • • •		. 1 (\$/\$) . 2
					哥爾 羽毛	夫球 求		• • • • • •	. 4
					壁球基化])		. 6
		-				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>(</u> }	19-820)
					有特	別興趣		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 1(82)

		凡被訪者沒有一本體育贊助諮詢	间服務的小冊子,請訪問員派發	•
	Q28.	貴公司有有曾經聽過香港康 體發展局嘅體 育贊助諮詢服	继續 <u>有</u>	
		務呢?	跳至 Q34 一方	2
Service Constitution of the Constitution of th		只問 Q28 答'有'嘅人		
	Q29.	咁係經過乜嘢途徑聽過嘅呢?	-	
				(\$23-824) (825-826) (\$27-827)
			- -	(\$29-83c) (\$31-832):
	Q30.	咁又有冇用過佢哋嘅服務呢?	跳至 Q32 一有	
			鑑續一冇	2
	Q31.	點解你哋從來冇用過呢項服務呢?	?	
			•.	(&\$4-835) (\$\$6-837) (\$\$\$-839)
		只問 Q30 答'有'		(8\$0-841) (842-843)
	Q32.	你吨覺得呢項服務對你了解 或者決定贊助體育活動有有 幫助呢?	有	1(844)
	Q33.	,	體育贊助諮詢服務會提供邊方面嘅協	
				(845-846) 1847-848)
			-	(\$49-850) (\$51-852) (\$53-854)
		問所有人		;
	Q34.	你想唔想獲得更多有關呢個 諮詢服務嘅資料呢?	想	
		ロい ロコルスコファッル テマイエッセ :	唔想	2

最後,我想問一的關於貴公司嘅資料。	
Q35. 請問而家貴公司條香港總共	位
有幾位全職嘅員工呢?	(856) (857) (858) (859)
Q36a.條1996年貴公司大約又會用百份之幾嘅市 幾方面呢?	場推廣資源(MARKETING BUDGET)條以下
演出	
廣告	%
	(863) (864) (865)
促銷活動 2	%
	(86) (367) (868)
公關活動	000 000
各類贊助活動	(664) (870) (871) (870) (871) %
None -0 -X>	(372) (873) (874)
其他(請註明)(\$61)(\$62)	%
——————————————————————————————————————	(875) (876) (877)
合共 : 100%	1 0 0 %
示咭	
Q36b.請問你介唔介意講我聽你哋 嘅 MARKETING BUDGET 大概	50萬或以下
有幾多呢?	101萬 - 500萬 3 501萬 - 1000萬 4 1001萬 - 2500萬 . 5 2500萬以上 6
P.13	2500萬以上 R-9 Dk-7

Q37.	. 關於贊助體育活動嘅事,條貴公司係由邊個部門負責嘅呢?	•
	部門:	. (918)(919)
	邊位同事 :	(920)(921)
	佢嘅職位係 :	(922)(923,
	多謝被訪者接受訪問,訪問完畢	
	Q38. 猜問你介悟介竟我她将你公司晚貨科	
	交侔香港體育發展局,以便佢哋将灰跟進	化?
	*介意, 哈介意.	
	· ·	
	*如果你介意识话,我她係合牌你所提供 贴货料免销保急,請致人	